Make Vermont a Dementia Capable State

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Growing Public Health Crisis

Alzheimer's disease is a growing public health crisis, in Vermont and across the nation.

- It is the sixth leading cause of death in the United States and affects 11,000 Vermonters.
- The average per-person Medicaid spending for seniors with Alzheimer's is 19 times more than for seniors without Alzheimer's and there are nearly 30,000 family caregivers in Vermont providing 34 million hours of unpaid cared for their loved ones living with Alzheimer's disease, valued at more than \$400 million.
- By the year 2025, 17,000 Vermonters will be living with Alzheimer's disease, an increase of 55%.
- According to the 2013 Cognitive Module of the Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS), 9% of adults aged 18 and older are experiencing increased confusion or memory loss that is getting worse. Of those aged 45 and older reporting memory issues, 26% had to give up household activities/chores and 30% say their cognitive problems interfered with their ability to work, volunteer, or engage in social activities.
- A study released by the New England Journal of Medicine reports that Alzheimer's disease is now the most expensive disease in America, surpassing both cancer and heart disease, and the costs are expected to skyrocket.
- It is the only cause of death among the top 10 in America without a way to prevent it, cure it or even slow its progression.

WHAT Can State Officials Do?

Work with the Governor's Commission on Alzheimer's Disease and Related Disorders to Implement the *Vermont State Plan on Dementia* to:

- 1.) Enhance early detection and diagnosis efforts in Vermont.
 - Integrate specific practice protocol in Blueprint for Health for early detection screening and diagnosis of dementia as well as referral to community resources and supports.
- 2.) Allocate \$500,000 to support the Dementia Respite program.
 - This allocation will provide grants to families to help them pay for respite care and create a coordinated system of support that connects Vermonters with the community resources and services they need to navigate all stages of the disease.
 - Caregiving for a person with memory loss can be stressful and take a toll on the caregiver's own health. Dementia Respite Grants can be used for a range of services that give family caregivers a break from their caregiving responsibilities.
- Request that the Cognitive and Caregiver modules be used in the 2016 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS).
 - Continuous surveillance through the <u>Cognitive</u> and <u>Caregiver</u> modules of the <u>Behavioral Risk Factor</u> <u>Surveillance System (BRFSS)</u> collects <u>essential</u> <u>public health information.</u>
 - Vermont has not yet used the Caregiver module.
 Use of both modules will provide valuable data on the burden of cognitive decline among adults as well as the impact of caregiving for someone with dementia (or other conditions) on caregivers' health and wellbeing.

Support the Implementation of Vermont's State Alzheimer's Disease Plan

Governor's Commission on Alzheimer's Disease and Related Disorders

The Vermont Legislature established the Governor's Commission on Alzheimer's Disease and Related Disorders in 1991. Since its inception, the Commission has provided leadership on a number of public policy matters specific to the needs and concerns of people affected by Alzheimer's Disease or a related dementia (ADRD). The Commission is composed of sixteen members including the Commissioner of Disabilities, Aging and Independent Living or a designee, one senator chosen by the committee on committees of the senate, one representative chosen by the speaker of the house, and thirteen members appointed by the Governor. The members appointed by the Governor serve for terms of three years and represent the following groups: Physicians, social workers, nursing home managers, the clergy, adult day providers, the business community, registered nurses, residential care home operators, family care providers, the home health agency, the legal profession, mental health service providers and the Alzheimer's Association. The Commission's mission is threefold: 1) to identify key public policy issues related to ADRD, 2) to educate the public and private sectors regarding these matters and 3) to make policy recommendations in support of developing programs and services essential to providing accessible and appropriate services to people with dementia illnesses and to their families and other care partners.

The Commission published Vermont's State Plan on Dementia in 2009 with the following GOALS:

- 1. Vermonters are adequately informed regarding dementia.
- 2. A strong quality improvement system exists to support the ongoing enhancement of dementia care.
- 3. Vermonters are active stakeholders in the system of dementia care.
- 4. All Vermonters with dementia have equitable access to the continuum of dementia care.
- Vermont has an adequate workforce to support the needs of persons with dementia and their families.
- 6. All Vermonters have access to credible expert opinion, latest scientific findings and the most promising new therapies for the prevention and treatment of dementia.
- 7. Vermont policies, regulations and laws promote improved access, quality and efficiency of the dementia care system.

To download a copy of the Vermont State Plan on Dementia, visit alz.org/stateplans.

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